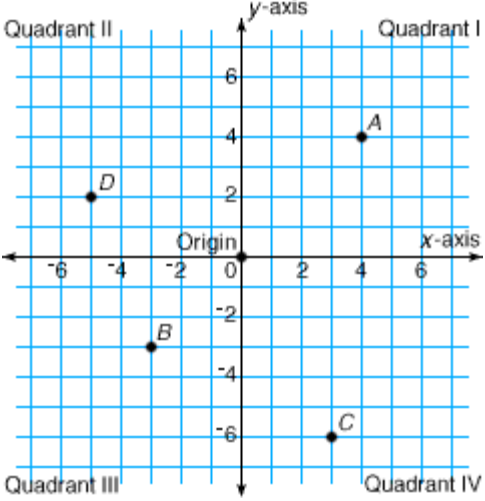


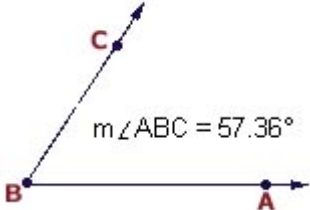

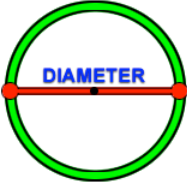
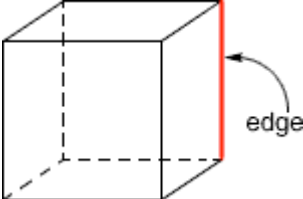

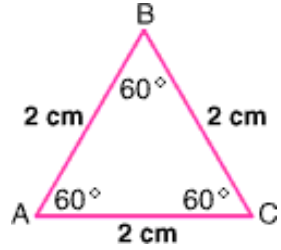
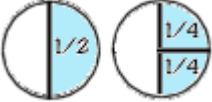


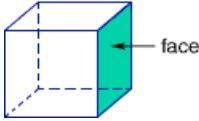
5	<p><b>Coordinate Grid or Coordinate Plane or Cartesian Plane</b></p>	<p>A plane formed by 2 real number lines called axes that intersect at a right angle.</p>	
5	<p><b>Cube</b></p>	<p>A rectangular prism whose 6 faces are congruent squares.</p>	
6	<p><b>Cubic units</b></p>	<p>Standard measures of volume.</p>	<p>See volume.</p>
6	<p><b>Customary Unit</b></p>	<p>A system of measurement used in the U.S.</p>	<p><b>Length:</b> inches, feet, yards, and miles  <b>Capacity:</b> cups, pints, quarts, and gallons  <b>Weight:</b> ounces, pounds, and tons  <b>Temperature:</b> degrees Fahrenheit.</p>

5	<b>Cylinder</b>	A solid figure that has two circular bases. These bases are congruent and parallel.	
5	<b>Decimal</b>	A number with one or more digits to the right of a decimal point.	0.7      1.8      2.06      0.175
6	<b>Degree (angle measure)</b>	A unit for measuring angles.	<p>The measure of the angle ABC is <math>57.36^\circ</math></p> 
6	<b>Degree (temperature)</b>	The unit of measure temperature - either Fahrenheit or Celsius.	<p>Although not to scale, common temperatures are labeled below.</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>212 °F Boiling point of water</li> <li>98.4 °F Body temperature</li> <li>70 °F Room temperature</li> <li>32 °F Freezing point of water</li> </ul>

5	<b>Denominator</b>	The number below the fraction bar in a fraction. It represents the number of equal parts into which the whole (or ONE or unit) is divided.	$\frac{7}{18}$ <p>← 18 is the denominator.</p>
6	<b>Diameter</b>	The distance across a circle through its center. The length of the diameter is twice the length of the radius.	
5	<b>Difference</b>	The answer in a subtraction problem.	$8 - 5 = 3$ <p>3 is the difference.</p>
5	<b>Digit</b>	Any of the symbols used to write numbers.	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9
6	<b>Dimensions</b>	A measure in one direction; A figure may be one-dimensional, two-dimensional, or three-dimensional.	
5	<b>Dividend</b>	The number being divided into equal groups.	$\begin{array}{r} \text{divisor } 4 \leftarrow \text{quotient} \\ \downarrow \\ 6 \overline{)24} \leftarrow \text{dividend} \end{array}$

5	<b>Divisible</b>	One natural number is divisible by another natural number if the second divides evenly into the first.	$40 \div 5 = 8$ with zero remainder, so 40 is divisible by 5.
5	<b>Divisor</b>	The number that divides the dividend.	$\begin{array}{r} \text{divisor } 4 \leftarrow \text{quotient} \\ \downarrow \\ 6 \overline{)24} \leftarrow \text{dividend} \end{array}$
5	<b>Double Bar Graph</b>	A graph that uses pairs of bars to compare information.	
5	<b>Edge</b>	The segment formed when 2 faces of a solid figure meet.	
5	<b>Elapsed Time</b>	The time that passes from the start of an activity to the end of that activity.	
6	<b>Equation</b>	A number sentence with an equal sign.	$5 \times 4 = 20$ or $2x + 5 = 22$

5	<b>Equilateral triangle</b>	A triangle in which all 3 sides have the same length.	
6	<b>Equivalent Decimals</b>	Two or more decimals that name the same amount.	0.3 and 0.30 name the same amount.
5	<b>Equivalent Fractions</b>	Fractions that name the same amount.	 $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$
6	<b>Equivalent Ratios</b>	Ratios that make the same comparisons.	$\frac{5}{9} = \frac{10}{18}$ $5:9 = 10:18$
5	<b>Estimate</b>	To find an answer that is close to the exact answer.	\$200 is an estimate for \$219.
6	<b>Evaluate</b>	To find the value of a mathematical expression. (Solve)	$5^2 \times (5 - 2)$ $25 \times 3$ $75$

6	<b>Event</b>	A possible outcome in probability.	If you toss a fair coin, an event is the coin lands on tails.
5	<b>Expanded Form</b>	A number written as the sum of the values of its digits.	$500 + 20 + 7$ is the expanded form for 527.
6	<b>Experimental Probability</b>	A statement of probability based on trials.	Experimental Probability = $\frac{\text{the number of times event occurred}}{\text{the total number of trials}}$
6	<b>Exponent</b>	A number or variable that represents the number of times the base is used as a factor.	$2^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$ The exponent is 3, indicating that 2 is used as a factor three times.
6	<b>Expression</b>	A part of a number sentence that combines numbers and operation signs.	$4 + 3$ $9 - 2$ $3 \times (2 + 6)$ $4 + n$
5	<b>Face</b>	The flat surface of a solid figure.	 <p>The cube has 6 faces.</p>
5	<b>Factor</b>	A number that is multiplied by another number to find a product.	$2 \times 3 = 6$ 2 and 3 are factors of 6.