

Chapter 4 The Iroquois Confederacy (p. 76-82)

1. Define the following words:

- a. Haudenosaunee: _____
- b. Iroquois: _____
- c. confederacy: _____
- d. clan: _____
- e. Collective Identity _____

2. What were the Six Nations of the Iroquois Confederacy?

- a. _____ b. _____ c. _____
- d. _____ e. _____ f. _____

3. What were the Iroquois longhouses like? Draw a quick sketch to explain.

4. What were the 9 clans of the Iroquois?

5. Describe the role and importance of:

Iroquois women:	Iroquois Men:	Clan Mothers	Chief (Characteristics)

9. What is wampum?

10. What is wampum used for?

11. What is the Great Law of Peace?

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1. Tell the purpose of the three types of maps listed below:

- a. political maps: _____
- b. historical maps: _____
- c. physical maps: _____

2. Chiefs:

Describe the chief's roles	War Chief	Pine Tree Chief

4. How was the Grand Council structured?

Nations and # of chiefs	Why might a chief lose his position?	Clan Mothers role

7. What is a generation?

8. What is meant when it is said that the Grand Council had to consider the seventh generation?

9. How are democratic principles built into the Great Law?

- a. _____

- b. _____

- c. _____

10. Read the opinions on pages 95 and 96. Use the chart to answer the following questions:

1. What are the difference between 'majority rules voting' and 'consensus'?
2. Then tell the advantages and disadvantages of each.

	Majority Rules	Consensus
Definition		
Advantages		
Disadvantages		
Differences		
Similarities		

11. What was the process which ensured that everyone in a clan is heard when a decision is being made?

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12. How did the Great Law protect minority rights?
